Cosign Multi-Factor Specification

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Introduction

We provide a general framework to support multiple authentication factors with cosign. The set of factors the user has satisfied are passed to filters. Filters enforce requirements for authentication and communicate the requirements to the central CGI for UI purposes. We also describe the impact on proxy kerberos tickets, replication, and reauthentication.

Filter Configuration

Filters may be configured with a list of required authenticate factors. For Apache:

CosignRequireFactor UMICH.EDU OTP

or:

CosignRequireFactor LEVELLEVEL22

would indicate that either (UMICH.EDU & OTP) or just LEVEL2 are required to satisfy the filter's multi-factor authentication criteria. If no factors are listed, then no factor checking occurs and any factor is accepted.

Filters may also be configured with a factor suffix which will be ignored. For example:

CosignIgnoreFactorSuffix -junk

This causes the filter to remove the "-junk" suffix from any server-provided factors before comparison with required factors. For example, if the filter requires the factor "OTP", and ignores the suffix "-junk", and the user authenticates with the factor "OTP-junk", then the filter's authentication factor requirements would be fulfilled.

Query String Changes

See RFC 2396. During registration, the query string has the following syntax:

register-url?[basic&]service=cookie[;]&referring-url

For example:

https://weblogin.umich.edu/?cosign-webmail=C53H4FKtDb-bkwszVGJEdG3hbp17fQ-qfYPA3-HdyAyXLUxYHOXwwt8c +0bKOw0rO0OaM0CuW0ljS2B7ZaCdM192yt9eOice5cTH549KC2Odb3kcxizKXdBwwioP;&https://web.mail.umich.edu/?mailbox=INBOX

The registration query string syntax changes to:

register-url?[basic&][factors=factor1[,factor2]...&]service=cookie[;]&referring-url

where "factor1,factor2" are configured in the filter with CosignRequireFactors and interpreted by the cosign CGI as the list of factors to present to the user.

CGI Configuration

The CGI may be configured to use PAM for password verification. The "pam" option has the following syntax:

pam pam-service-name factor form-input-name [options]

The pam-service-name is passed to the pam_start() routine. The factor is set if authentication succeeds. The form-input-name is the password as posted from the login form.

There are currently two options defined. The **second-factor** option means that this factor is only useful with another factor. It is intended for use in environments where repeated authentication failures may cause the target account to

be locked. The **user_unknown=**string option causes "string" to be appended to factor if the PAM returns PAM_USER_UNKNOWN. An example:

pam cosign-rsa OTP otp second-factor user_unknown=-junk

Several "legacy" factors are defined. The "FRIEND" factor is used when accounts are authenticated with the MySQL-email based system defined in the "CoSign Friend" specification. The "BASIC" factor is used when the cosign CGI is protected by Apache, unless the environment variable COSIGN_FACTOR is set, in which case the value of COSIGN_FACTOR is used instead. If Kerberos is used to authenticate the account, the factor is set to the Kerberos "realm" used.

Protocol Changes

The STARTTLS verb changes from:

- C: STARTTLS
- S: 220 Ready to start TLS

to:

- C: STARTTLS version-number
- S: 220 Ready to start TLS
- S: 221 TLS successfully started, protocol version version-number

This allows the server to support both new and old clients, and corrects a protocol synchronization issue that occurs when the STARTTLS command fails for some reason. Should review how SMTP solves this issue.

The LOGIN verb changes from:

C: LOGIN login_cookie ip principal realm ["kerberos"]

to:

C: LOGIN login_cookie ip principal factor ["kerberos"]

The keyword "kerberos" is reserved, and behaves as in previous versions. New factors are established through agreement within a cosign community. Examples might include: UMICH.EDU, OTP, OTP-junk.

The CHECK verb changes from:

- C: CHECK servicecookie
- S: 231 ip principal realm

or

- C: CHECK logincookie
- S: 232 ip principal realm

to:

- C: CHECK servicecookie / logincookie
- S: 233 ip principal factor1 factor2 ...

Filters allow access only when all required factors (see **Filter Configuration**, above) are satisfied. If all required factors are not satisfied, the filter sets a new service cookie and redirects the browser to the registration URL, including all required factors (see **Query String Changes**, above).

Multi-factor Re-authentication

See the re-authentication specification. There is no enforcement of multiple factors during re-authentication. Only one legacy factor is required. Multiple factors may be displayed in the UI, but are not required to be used.

User Interface

See the attached graphic for example of possible user interface flow.